

THE First National Bank OF Santa Fe, N. M.

UNITED STATES DESIGNATED DEPOSITARY

R. J. PALEN - President.

J. H. VAUGHN Cashier

J. G. SCHUMANN,

DEALER IN

BOOTS, SHOES, and FINDINGS.

Santa Fe - N. M.

OJO CALIENTE

(HOT SPRINGS.)



THESE Celebrated Hot Springs are located in the midst of the Ancient Cliff Dwellers, twenty-five miles west of Taos, and fifty miles north of Santa Fe, and about twelve miles from Barranca Station on the Denver & Rio Grande Railway, from which point a daily line of stages runs to the Springs. The temperature of these waters is from 90° to 125°. The gases are carbonic. Altitude 6,000 feet. Climate very dry and delightful the year round. There is now a commodious hotel for the convenience of invalids and tourists. These waters contain 1,000 grains of alkaline salts to the gallon; being the richest alkaline hot springs in the world. The efficacy of these waters has been thoroughly tested by the numerous cures effected in the following diseases: Paralysis, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Consumption, Malaria, Bright's Disease, the Kidneys, Syphilis, and Mercurial Affections, Scrofula, Catarrh, the Grippe, all Female Complaints, etc., etc. Board, Lodging and Bathing, \$2.50 per day. Reduced rates given by the month. This resort is situated at the foot of the open all winter. Passengers for Ojo Caliente can leave Santa Fe at 10:30 a. m. and reach Ojo Caliente at 5 p. m. the same day. Fare for the round trip from Santa Fe to Ojo Caliente, \$7. For further particulars address--

ANTONIO JOSEPH, Prop., Ojo Caliente, Taos County New Mexico

TELEPHONE 88.

(Residence Over Store)

Charles Wagner,

DEALER IN ALL STYLES OF

BURIAL CASES AND COFFINS

Calls will receive prompt attention day or night from S. B. Warner, funeral director and practical embalmer.

Lower Frisco St - Santa Fe, N. M.

Work of the City Council.

A special meeting of the city council took place last Monday night with Mayor J. R. Hudson in the chair and the following councilmen present: McPherson, Solignac, Alarid, and Baca, the city clerk and the city attorney and city engineer. The mayor appointed the following committee to act with the city attorney to frame a bill to be sent to Delegate Ferguson to be passed by congress to give a title from the government to the city of Santa Fe: E. L. Bartlett, Charles H. Gildersleeve, C. A. Spess, Charles F. Easley, and George W. Knaebel.

The finance committee passed upon over \$1,400 worth of bills and the same were approved by the council and ordered paid. All bills for the first quarter of this administration have been paid in full. The mayor and city council are straining every nerve to pay all bills in full every quarter. A resolution was passed that the city marshal give twenty-four hours notice in the daily New Mexican that all owners of dogs who did not pay the dog tax of \$1.25 on each dog, as provided by the ordinance on the subject, that every dog running at large should be killed, and the city marshal and city policeman were authorized and ordered to carry this ordinance out to the letter. The mayor is determined that every dog running at large shall be killed unless the owners thereof pay the \$1.25 tax, as provided in the ordinance relating thereto. The city attorney was ordered to draw up a contract with Mr. Ortiz, for the rent of a corral, for the remaining 9 months of this administration, to be used as a public pound.

The city engineer has surveyed the proposed new street, being an extension of Marcus avenue, leading from the south side of the federal building, to connect with the street running to the Denver and Rio Grande depot. This matter will be taken up at the next regular meeting, Monday night.

Code of Civil Procedure.

Every practicing attorney in the territory should have a copy of the new Mexico Code of Civil Procedure, now in separate form with alternate blank pages for annotations. The New Mexican Printing company has such an edition on sale at the following prices: Leatherette binding, full law sheep, \$5; flexible morocco, \$3.50.

Church Announcements.

German Lutheran services at 11 a. m. tomorrow, sixth Sunday after Trinity, at residence of Mrs. G. D. Koch, lower San Francisco street, Sunday school at 10 o'clock. Dr. G. A. Neef, pastor.

Services at the Presbyterian church tomorrow, seventh Sunday after Pentecost, first mass at 8 a. m.; second mass at 9 a. m.; third mass at 10 a. m.; fourth mass at 11 a. m.; sermon in Spanish; vesters and benediction at 10 o'clock. J. L. Gay.

Services at the Episcopal church of the Holy Faith, divine service as usual at 11 o'clock tomorrow, the sixth Sunday after Trinity, subject of sermon, "The burning bush," with illustrations drawn from history and from current events. All seats in this church free to all friends and intending worshippers, who will be cordially welcomed. Sunday school at 10 o'clock. J. L. Gay.

Services at the St. John's M. E. church will be as follows: From 10 to 11 o'clock a. m. Sunday school; regular preaching services at 11 o'clock, theme, "Christian unity;" both morning and evening services will be conducted by Rev. C. E. Burton, the Junior League will meet at 2 p. m., and the Epworth League at 5 p. m. To the above services all are cordially invited. G. S. Madden, pastor.

Letter List.

List of letters remaining uncalled for in the postoffice at Santa Fe, N. M., for the week ending July 16, 1898. If not called for within two weeks, will be sent to the dead letter office at Washington:

Belcher, G. L.; Lopez, Melquiades; Carrillo, Otero; Carrillo, Lubian; Herrera, Luis; Holman, Lee; Hubbell, Alice; Kennedy, S. A.; Kelly, Carmelita; Lucero, Aban (2); Lopez, Melquiades; Morrison, Hugh; Montoya, Francisco; Ortiz, Francisco; Schilling, A. S.; Silva, Manuel; Torres, Monica; Varela, Marcos.

In calling please say advertised and give the date. SIMON NUBRAUM, Postmaster.

RAIDING SQUADRON

Commodore Watson's Ships Expected to Sail Today--Thirteen Vessels Compose the Fleet.

WILL ATTACK SPANISH COAST

Occupation of Canaries and Puerto Rico Will Occur About the Same Time--Expect Manila to Be Taken Next Week.

New York, July 16.--A special to the Tribune from Washington says: The raiding squadron is expected to start for the coast of Spain on Saturday (today) and reach the Canaries about August 1. After two days spent under the lee of one of the unfortified islands, replenishing the bunkers with fuel, the final assault on Spain, scarcely two days distant, will be promptly made. If the last Spanish naval resources, represented by Admiral Canaris's fleet, cannot be enticed from Cartagena to protect Cadiz, the American battle flag will quickly be displayed in the Mediterranean. The fleet as constituted includes two of the best battleships in the navy, the Oregon and the Massachusetts, the protected cruiser Newark, auxiliaries Yankee, Dixie and Yosemite, with six colliers and a supply ship. The Oregon has become the flagship. The colliers carry 25,000 tons of the coal, a sufficient quantity to steam the fleet all the way to the Philippines and half way back. The departure of Watson's force will leave the Iowa, Indiana, Brooklyn, New York, Texas and Puritan at the armored vessels under Admiral Sampson's direct command to batter down the fortifications of Puerto Rico, and the cruisers Columbia, Minneapolis, San Francisco, New Orleans, Detroit, Montgomery and Marblehead to shell the landing place for the disembarkation of the army of occupation under General Miles. The authorities are confident that the entire army corps will be landed on Puerto Rico before the raiding squadron reaches the Canaries, and the acquisition of the islands will be completed almost simultaneously with Commodore Watson's menace to the Spanish peninsula. That these two terrible blows, following so quickly upon the surrender of Santiago this week and the occupation of Manila, which will probably occur next week, will compel Spain to sue for peace, hardly admits of the slightest doubt.

Emile Zola Not Silenced.

Paris, July 16.--Emile Zola today returns to the attack in the Dreyfus case by publishing an open letter on the subject to Premier Brisson, in the Aurore.

Spain Willing.

Madrid, July 16.--It is said in connection with the Spanish suggestion of leaving the question of the future government of Cuba to be decided by a plebiscite of its inhabitants, that Spain would unreservedly accept the decision given in such case.

GOLD FROM ALASKA.

Two Returning Steamers Brought \$1,000,000--Skagway Under Martial Law--"Soapy" Smith Killed.

Victoria, B. C., July 16.--The steamer Cottage City, which touched here on the way to Seattle from Alaska, had on board 20 miners from Dawson City, with about \$750,000 in gold dust and drafts. Editor Shipley of the Skagway News, who came down on the Cottage City, said this year's clean-up at Dawson will be a trifle less than \$20,000,000, three-quarters of this now being in the custody of two big trading companies. The steamer City of Seattle arrived this morning from Alaska with 18 miners from Dawson and about \$250,000 in gold dust and drafts. The City of Seattle brings the news that the town of Skagway has been placed under martial law.

Noted "Sure Thing" Man Dead. The advices from Skagway also say that Jefferson Smith, the well known gambler, generally known as "Soapy" Smith, was shot and killed on July 8 by the city engineer of Skagway. A miner named Stewart, from Dawson, claimed to have been burglarized out of \$2,700. The citizens called a meeting for the purpose of compelling the robber to make restitution. "Soapy," armed with a rifle proceeded to break up the meeting. The city engineer, whose name is not given, resisting Smith's intrusion, Smith struck him with the butt of the rifle in the scuffle that ensued and the rifle was discharged, seriously wounding the engineer, who then shot Smith through the heart with a revolver. A jury exonerated the engineer on the ground of self-defense.

No Yellow Fever in United States. Washington, July 16.--Surgeon General Wyman, of the marine hospital service, says there is not a single case of yellow fever in this country so far as he knows, and no preparations are making to receive yellow fever patients.

MARKET REPORT.

New York, July 16.--Money on call nominally 1 1/4 per cent. Prime mercantile paper, 3 1/4 @ 4. Silver, 58 1/2, lead, \$3.80; copper, 10 1/2. Chicago--Wheat, July, 73 1/4; Aug., 74 1/4. Corn, July, 35 1/2; Sept., 33 1/2. Oats, July, 23 1/2; Sept., 19 1/2. Chicago--Cattle, 6,000; steady. Sheep receipts, 2,000; strong; natives, \$3.25 @ \$3.15; westerns, \$4.00 @ \$4.85; lambs, \$4.00 @ \$6.00. Kansas City--Cattle, receipts, 4,000; best strong, others steady; native steers, \$4.30 @ \$5.25; Texas steers, \$3.10 @ \$4.75; Texas cows, \$2.35 @ \$3.50; native cows and heifers, \$1.75 @ \$4.50; stockers and feeders, \$3.00 @ \$4.70; bulls, \$2.75 @ \$4.90. Sheep, receipts, 1,000; steady; lambs, \$3.75 @ \$5.15; muttons, \$2.50 @ \$4.50.

Chinese Rebellion Gaining Strength. Canton, July 16.--Leading members of the new China party are assembling from all parts of the world to aid in the rebellion against the present government of China.

Did Near Santiago.

Washington, July 16.--Eben Brewer, of Pittsburg, who had charge of all the postal arrangements of the United States in Cuba, died near Santiago today of malarial fever.

A FULL SURRENDER

Terms of the Capitulation of Santiago and Spanish Troops Under General Toral.

EVERY DEMAND CONCEDED

Guns and Defenses to Be Turned Over to Americans in Good Condition--All Spaniards Given Safe Convey Home.

New York, July 16.--A special from Santiago published here this afternoon gives the following as the terms of the surrender of the Spanish forces under General Toral: The 20,000 refugees at Caney and Siboney are to be turned back to the city.

All hospital corps to give attention to any possible sick and wounded among the Spanish soldiers in Santiago.

All the Spanish troops in the province, except that under General Luque at Holguin, to come to Santiago to surrender.

Guns and defenses to be turned over to the Americans in good condition. The Americans to have full use of the Juraguá railway, which belongs to the Spanish government.

All Spaniards to be conveyed home by American transports with the least possible delay, and are permitted to take all portable church property with them. This last concession is interesting, because at the first threat made by the Americans to bombard the city, the archbishop, priests and nuns came out and demanded safe conveyance. They were told to go back and wait out to the Spaniards the foolishness of their resistance.

The Spanish to surrender their arms. Terms as Telegraphed by General Shafter.

Washington, July 16.--The War department has posted the following: Playa del Este, July 16.--Adjutant General United States army, Washington, headquarters near Santiago, July 16.--The conditions of capitulation include all the forces and war material in the described territory. The United States agrees with as little delay as possible to transport all Spanish troops in the district to the Kingdom of Spain, the troops following so quickly upon the surrender of Santiago this week and the occupation of Manila, which will probably occur next week, will compel Spain to sue for peace, hardly admits of the slightest doubt.

All Spanish forces known as volunteers, filibusters and guerrillas, who wish to remain in Cuba may do so under parole during the present war, giving up their arms. The Spanish forces will march out of Santiago with the honors of war, depositing their arms, by mutual agreement, to await the disposition of the United States government, it being understood that the United States commissioners will recommend that the Spanish soldiers return to Spain with the arms they have so bravely defended. This leaves the question of the return of their arms entirely in the hands of the United States government. It is being understood that a final decision will be made to the fact that several thousand have been surrendered, said by General Toral to be about 12,000 against whom a shot has not been fired. The return to Spain of troops in this district amounts to about 24,000 according to General Toral.

That Missing Cable Located.

Off Santiago, July 15, via Playa del Este.--The last cable from Santiago was caught this afternoon by the anchor of the Massachusetts, near Aguadores, just as the surrender of Santiago was announced. It has been decided to bury the cable for future use and not to cut it.

BRAVE MEN PUBLICLY THANKED.

President McKinley's Message to General Shafter and the Army Under His Command.

Washington, July 16.--The following messages were sent today to General Shafter: "The president of the United States sends you and your brave army the profound thanks of the American people for the brilliant achievements at Santiago, resulting in the surrender of that city and all the Spanish troops and territory under General Toral. Your splendid command overcame not only the hardships and sacrifices incident to the campaign and battle, but in the stress of heat and weather has triumphed over obstacles which would have overcome men less brave and determined. One and all have displayed the most conspicuous gallantry and earned the gratitude of the nation. The hearts of the people turn with tender sympathy to the sick and wounded. May the Father of Mercies protect and comfort them. WILLIAM McKINLEY."

From Secretary Alger. "I can not express in words my gratitude to you and your heroic men. Your work has been well done. God bless you all. R. A. ALGER."

Gen. Miles Will Command. Washington, July 16.--It is said that General Miles will command the Puerto Rican expedition in person, aided by General Brooke. Troops will be landed near San Juan with an ample supply of field artillery, and will force their way into the rear of the town while the fleet will dash into the harbor and attack in front.

NEW GOVERNOR FOR ARIZONA.

N. O. Murphy Succeeds Governor McCard, Who Has Resigned to Accept Colonelcy of Territorial Regiment of Volunteer Infantry.

Washington, July 16.--The president has appointed N. O. Murphy governor of Arizona, to succeed Myron H. McCord, who resigned to accept the colonelcy of the territorial regiment of volunteer infantry. Mr. Murphy has represented the territory in many official capacities.

Other Appointments. The president has also made the following appointments: To be commissioners to allot lands to the Uncompagne Indians in Utah--Erastus R. Harper, Akron, O.; Ross Griffin, Kansas City, Mo.; Howell P. Myton, Elkhart, Ind.

AGREEMENT SIGNED

At Midnight a Full Understanding Was Reached and Surrender of Santiago Resulted.

SPANISH HONOR TENACIOUS

Campaign Over--Entire Army Will Move to North of City--Condition of City Fearful--Fifth and Stench Everywhere.

Copyrighted by Associated Press, General Wheeler's department before Santiago, July 15, via Kingston.--The preliminary basis for capitulation for the Spanish forces in eastern Cuba was agreed to and signed under a picturesque Caba tree half way between the lines shortly after midnight. At the outset a hitch occurred owing to a misunderstanding of what was said at the personal interview between Generals Shafter and Toral at noon. Our interpreter in translating the language of General Toral had given General Shafter, Miles and Wheeler distinctly to understand that Captain General Blanco had consented that the commissioners should have plenary powers to negotiate all terms of surrender to be binding upon both parties. Something was extremely unsatisfactory to our commissioners, who clung tenaciously to the understanding that General Shafter received early in the day. Finally, with the question whether the Spanish forces actually surrendered still open, the commissioners proceeded to the consideration of the terms. Captain Miles had drawn up 13 articles of a general nature and these were submitted to General Toral personally. He made a strong appeal, that the word "capitulation" be used instead of the harsher term "surrender," and his officers were allowed to march out, officers with side arms and men with small arms. He said the arms could afterward be sent to Spain either on the same ship with troops or on other ships.

General Toral further remarked, "I expected our commissioners as representatives of a brave and chivalrous people would not wish to humiliate his army or make it appear he was vanquished. As brave men, his soldiers desired to go home with honor. They simply yielded to superior force and would prefer dying than go home without honor." The commissioners could not resist this appeal, but said it lay beyond the terms laid down by our government and they could only recommend the matter to Washington. At 4 o'clock General Toral returned to the city to consult with the Spanish commissioners. General Toral's Spanish commissioner returned at 6:30, saying they desired still further changes in phraseology of the articles and suggested a postponement of negotiations until morning. This General Wheeler firmly declined. Thereupon a recess was taken until 9:30. At our hour the articles were again gone over in detail.

Various changes of verbiage, which tended only to soften sound terms without affecting sense, were proposed by the Spanish, and our commissioners accepted practically all. Shortly after midnight the general was informed that the good faith of the Spaniards be tested. All articles were re-read and each commissioner in turn asked if they were satisfactory. When they replied affirmatively, General Wheeler asked them to affix their signatures. This they appeared reluctant to do, then all the commissioners separated to meet again at 9:30 in the morning. The present municipal authorities are to continue in control of the city until the Spanish troops are embarked. The Spanish troops from other parts are to embark at the nearest port. While there is only a remote chance of the government at Madrid upsetting everything at the last moment, such an event is still recognized as a possibility. However, our plans are being prepared as though the campaign were over. General Shafter's headquarters are to be moved, probably today, to the high ground north of the city, where our whole army will be encamped after Santiago is evacuated, pending the possibility of its embarkation for the island of Puerto Rico. The troops landed at Siboney, but not brought up, are to be sent back on board the transports immediately. What American troops will remain here as a garrison has not yet been decided on. There is some talk of garrisoning Santiago with several regiments from the southern states, which are understood to be at sea at the present. The condition of the City of Santiago seems dreadful, with filth and stench everywhere. There is much sickness among the Spanish soldiers, due to bad and insufficient food. Our commissioners have just gone in to meet the Spanish commissioners.

Wounded on Board the Olivette Expected Today or Tomorrow--Injured "Rough Riders" on the Ship.

New York, July 16.--The hospital ship Olivette is expected to arrive in New York today or tomorrow. Among the sick and wounded on board are: Major James M. Bell, 1st cavalry; Captain Alex O. Bruce, 1st U. S. volunteer cavalry; 2nd Lieutenant Horace Devereaux, 1st volunteer cavalry; Lieutenant W. M. Fiske, 2nd infantry; Brigadier General H. S. Hawkins, U. S. volunteers; Captain Morton J. Henry and Captain Thomas T. Knox, 1st cavalry; Captain James H. McClintock, 1st U. S. volunteer cavalry; 1st Lieutenant Mary Nichols, 7th infantry; 1st Lieutenant John R. Thomas, Jr., 1st U. S. volunteer cavalry; Sergeant Dougherty, Company F, 71st N. Y.; also the following privates of the 1st U. S. volunteer cavalry ("Rough Riders"): Alberts, Company I; Bailey, Company F; Beel, Company D; Hebe, Company B; Bertscher, Company A; Cullen, Company L; Dorsey, Company A; Coyle, Company G; Detamore, Company E; Fisher, Company D; Hadden, Company E; Holmes, Company B; Kline, sergeant of Company L; McMillen, Company D; Meeger, Company L; Otto F. Menger, Company G; Newcomb, Company H; Orma, Company B; Powers, corporal of Co. E; Pate, sergeant of Company B; Reid, Company D; Stewart, corporal of Company G; Winter, John J., Company F.

A TYPICAL SPANISH LETTER.

General Toral's Note to General Shafter Concerning the Surrender of the Spanish Forces.

Washington, July 16.--The War department has posted the following: "Playa del Este, near Santiago, July 16.--The following letter has just been received: Santiago de Cuba, July 16: To his excellency, the commander-in-chief of the American forces, Excellent Sir: I am now authorized by my government to capitulate. I have the honor to so apprise you, and request that you designate the hour and place where my representatives shall appear to meet with those of your excellency to compare the articles of capitulation on the basis of what has been agreed upon to this date.

I wish to manifest my desire to know the resolutions of the United States government concerning our desiring the return of our arms, so as to note them on the articles of capitulation. Also the great courtesy of your great grace's aid and return for their great generosity and kind impulse for the Spanish soldiers, and allow them to return to the peninsula with the honors of the American army due them. I have the honor to acknowledge dutifully descended." (Signed) Jose Toral, Commanding General, 4th Army Corps. To General Shafter, commanding American forces."

Canadian Relations Commissioners.

Washington, July 16.--The president has appointed the following commissioners to meet a similar commission on the part of Great Britain and Canada for the purpose of adjusting the relations between the United States and Canada: Senator Fairbanks, of Indiana; Senator Gray, of Delaware; Representative Dingley, of Maine; John A. Kasson, of Iowa; John W. Foster, of the District of Columbia.

NO PEACE NEGOTIATIONS.

French Ambassador in Washington Has Taken No Action in the Matter--Reported Terms Which Will Be Demanded.

Washington, July 16.--In view of the renewed reports that the French ambassador at Washington, M. Cambon, had opened peace negotiations in inquiry relative to the possible terms of peace, it can be stated authoritatively that after inquiry at the French embassy, that no negotiations or inquiries of any character, relative to peace have been made yet, officially or unofficially, directly or indirectly by the French ambassador. It is gathered from high members of the administration that the president is disposed to be moderate in the demands, and while securing all the United States is fairly entitled to exact from a nation in Spain's distressed condition, is not disposed to embark in a world conquering enterprise, and insists upon the retention of remote territories that would be unserviceable to us.

In other words, unless there is an overwhelming demand on the part of the American people for the adoption of such a course, it is not believed the president, as a finality would insist that Spain abandon all of her colonial possessions.

It is felt that as a minimum demand he would be content with the acquisition of Puerto Rico, an admission of the independence of Cuba, a coaling station in the Philippines, with a provision for protectorate over the islands, and a moderate indemnity.

AWARDING THE NEW BOND ISSUE.

Washington, July 16.--The work of classifying the new bond issue has progressed sufficiently to enable the Treasury Department to announce that all subscriptions for \$4,000 and less will be awarded. A considerable of the balance will be prorated among the \$5,000 subscriptions.

WILL ARRIVE IN NEW YORK.

Wounded on Board the Olivette Expected Today or Tomorrow--Injured "Rough Riders" on the Ship. New York, July 16.--The hospital ship Olivette is expected to arrive in New York today or tomorrow. Among the sick and wounded on board are: Major James M. Bell, 1st cavalry; Captain Alex O. Bruce, 1st U. S. volunteer cavalry; 2nd Lieutenant Horace Devereaux, 1st volunteer cavalry; Lieutenant W. M. Fiske, 2nd infantry; Brigadier General H. S. Hawkins, U. S. volunteers; Captain Morton J. Henry and Captain Thomas T. Knox, 1st cavalry; Captain James H. McClintock, 1st U. S. volunteer cavalry; 1st Lieutenant Mary Nichols, 7th infantry; 1st Lieutenant John R. Thomas, Jr., 1st U. S. volunteer cavalry; Sergeant Dougherty, Company F, 71st N. Y.; also the following privates of the 1st U. S. volunteer cavalry ("Rough Riders"): Alberts, Company I; Bailey, Company F; Beel, Company D; Hebe, Company B; Bertscher, Company A; Cullen, Company L; Dorsey, Company A; Coyle, Company G; Detamore, Company E; Fisher, Company D; Hadden, Company E; Holmes, Company B; Kline, sergeant of Company L; McMillen, Company D; Meeger, Company L; Otto F. Menger, Company G; Newcomb, Company H; Orma, Company B; Powers, corporal of Co. E; Pate, sergeant of Company B; Reid, Company D; Stewart, corporal of Company G; Winter, John J., Company F.

AN IMPORTANT DECISION.

United States Commissioner Hunter Holds That Express Companies Must Pay Revenue Tax on Receipts Given for Goods Received.

Ottumwa, Ia., July 16.--United States Commissioner Hunter today decided that express companies must pay the 1 cent revenue tax to be attached to express receipts. He holds the cashier of the local office of the Adams Express company, arrested on the charge of violating the revenue law, to the federal grand jury. United States District Attorney Miles represented the United States. The attorney for the express company will apply for a writ of habeas corpus before United States Judge Woolmer.

Another Victim of the Maine Disaster. Baltimore, July 16.--Lieutenant John J. Blandin, officer of the deck on the Maine when that vessel was destroyed in the Havana harbor, died here today. His death was the result of the shock to his nervous system.

Royal makes the food pure, wholesome and delicious.



FOR SALE BY

H. B. CARTWRIGHT & BRO.

FORMER ARCHBISHOP DEAD.

Most Rev. J. B. Salpointe Closed His Life at Tucson at An Advanced Age.

Vicar General Fourchegu received a telegram this morning, announcing the death, at Tucson, A. T., yesterday morning, of the former archbishop of the Santa Fe diocese, the Very Rev. Archbishop J. B. Salpointe. The archbishop's death was not wholly unexpected, as his advanced age, 73 years, and his general feeble health, made his demise a looked for event at almost any time. The funeral will take place in Tucson on Monday morning.

Most Rev. J. B. Salpointe, D. D., the second archbishop of Santa Fe, was born in France.

He was appointed vicar apostolic of Arizona on June 20, 1869, holding in the council of archbishops, also the title of archbishop of Daryla. On April 22, 1884, he was selected as the coadjutor of the Santa Fe diocese with the right of succession. On October 1 of the same year, he was promoted to the titular Archbishop of See of Anazarba.

He succeeded to the See of Santa Fe, July 18, 1886, ill health having come on him soon after, he asked Rome that Most Rev. P. L. Chappelle be appointed coadjutor to assist him in the administration of the affairs of the diocese. This was done, but his health continuing to decline, he finally resigned all his duties and rights here, transferring them to the Most Rev. Father Chappelle. After that he spent his winters in Tucson, returning to Santa Fe each year for the summer, until two years ago, on account of his feebleness, his visits here ceased altogether.

Everything used in making our soda water and syrups is of the best quality that can be bought. Try it and be convinced. Fischer & Co.

TRAINS AGAIN RUNNING.

Damage to Rio Grande's Track by Washouts Has Been Remedied--Other Trains Late.

The damage done the Rio Grande railroad between Espanola and Antonito by the heavy rains of the past few nights has been repaired and the officials of the road are confident that the passenger train that left Santa Fe this morning on time will reach its destination without accident, every precaution being taken enroute to secure safety to the road's patrons. Work trains with large crews of men were at work yesterday and during last night repairing the track and getting the road in shape for travel.

Trains were also delayed on the Santa Fe and Santa Fe-Pacific by washouts. The California east bound passenger that carries the mail for Santa Fe from the south and west from Albuquerque to Lamy, due at Lamy at 1:10 a. m. did not leave Albuquerque until 1:40 a. m. today. No. 1 and No. 17 from the north and east were also two and a half hours late last night.

The Santa Fe office in this city has been informed that trains No. 1 and No. 17 will be on time this evening. The office is not advised as to the arrival of No. 2, tonight's train from California. No. 2 from El Paso is reported on time.

PLEADINGS AND PRACTICE

(Forms to conform to Code) Patterson's Forms of Pleading, under the Mexican Code, have been placed with the New Mexican Printing Co. for sale. A complete and comprehensive book of forms, adapted to the new Code of Civil Procedure now in effect in New Mexico. Part 1. Ordinary Proceedings in Courts of Record. Part 2. Attachment, Contempt, Arrest, Injunction, Mandamus, Mechanic's Lien, Prohibition, Quo Warranto and Replevin. Part 3. Miscellaneous. Covering Adversely, Arbitration, Arbitration, Assignments, Depositions, Naturalization, etc., etc. Made in full law sheep. Delivered at any postoffice in New Mexico upon receipt of publisher's price \$1.00. Purchaser's name printed on the book free of cost. Address New Mexican Printing Company, Santa Fe, N. M.

OXFORD CLUB

COSEIST RESORT IN SANTA FE

CHOICEST WINES, LIQUORS, AND CIGARS.

Exclusive agency for Anheuser Beer, bottled and keg. Blue Ribbon and Schlitz, bottled. Canadian Club, Clark's Pure Rye and Early Times whiskey, bottled in bond. James Hennessy Brandy and a full line of imported liquors and cigars. W. H. McBRIDE WHISKY. ELEVATION RYE.

BILLARD HALL IN CONNECTION

Next door to the Bon Ton Restaurant SAN FRANCISCO STREET.

J. E. LACOME, Prop